

GRAIN TRANSPORTATION REPORT

Transportation & Marketing, Agricultural Marketing Service United States Department of Agriculture

MARCH 27, 2003

TM GRAIN TRANSPORT COST INDICATORS	<u>Truck</u>	<u>Rail</u>	<u>Barge</u>	<u>O</u> Gulf	cean PNW
Indicator Value* for 03/27	111	106	86	135	141
Compared to Last Week	•		•	→	
*Indicator: Base Year 2000=100; W	eekly Updates	s include Truck	=Diesel; Rail=	:Nearby Sec	ondary Rail

*Indicator: Base Year 2000=100; Weekly Updates include Truck=Diesel; Rail=Nearby Secondary Rai Market; Barge=Spot Illinois River Basis; Ocean Vessel based on Routes to Japan

Ten-Year Volume Increase for Containerized Grain Exports. Over the past 10 years, containerized soybean exports have more than quadrupled, and animal feed container exports have increased by more than 150 percent. Soybeans and animal feed continually rank in the top 10 of all U.S. agricultural exports moved by container annually. In 2001, these two commodities accounted for almost 50 percent of all grain and grain products exported via container.

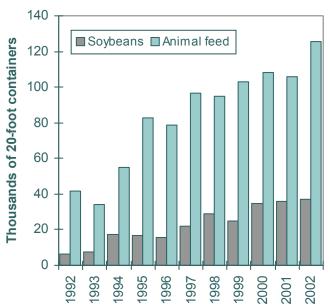
Volumes Projected To Increase. Buyers are more frequently requesting that specialty grain shipments (including organically produced grains and grains with specific color, protein, or other intrinsic attributes) be stored and transported using methods, such as containerization, that provide identity preservation. As this demand for containerized shipping continues to grow, so should volumes of containerized grain and grain products, both in the short and long term. Total exports for 2002 were 36,841 20-foot containers of soybeans and 125,338 20-foot containers of animal feed. In addition, USDA reports that demand for feed is strong (WASDE-393, USDA, December 10, 2002) and also projects that soybean exports for the United States will increase (WASDE-394, USDA, January 10, 2003).

Rail Capacity for Grain Expected To Be Adequate This

Spring. Rail grain volumes are expected to be slightly down for the first half of 2003 due, in part, to the effects of last summer's drought. Covered hopper railcar capacity has steadily increased during the 1990s, and the use of unit- and shuttle-trains has decreased the cycle times for a railcar of grain. Thus, railroads can haul more loads of grain annually with each railcar than was possible in the past. Railroads report, however, that longer distance hauls this fall and winter have resulted in longer cycle times, thereby resulting in tighter railcar supply.

Guaranteed Railcar Markets Also Indicate Adequate Rail Capacity for Spring. Low prices in the railcar auction markets and secondary railcar markets indicate adequate rail capacity for this spring. Many times, in the railcar auction markets for

Animal Feed and Soybean Exports by 20-Foot Container, 1992-2002



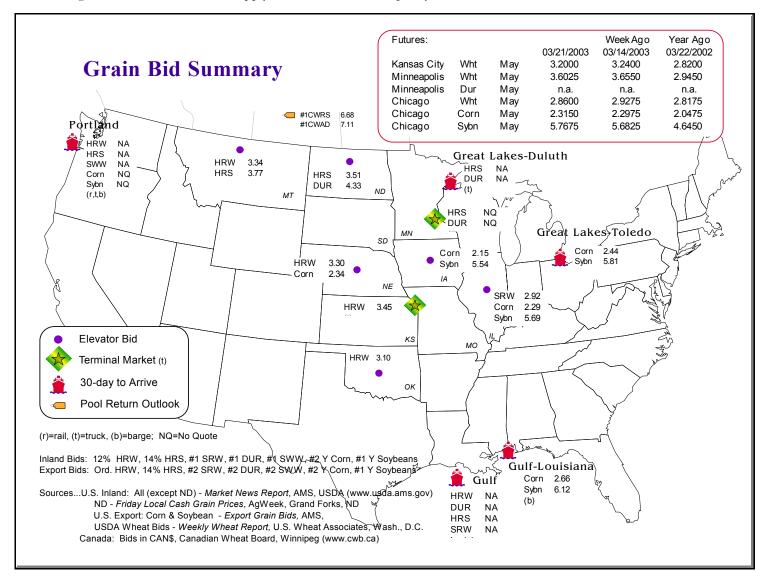
February and March, no bids have been tendered or the bids range from \$0 to \$2 per railcar (compared to no bid reported in the January 9, 2002, issue of the *Grain Transportation Report*). However, according to the January 14, 2003, issue of the *Grain Transportation Report*, bids are reported to be a little higher than bids reported in the January 9, 2002, issue for railcar delivery in comparable months. For more information, see the *Grain Transportation Prospects* at www.ams.usda.gov/tmd/mta/index.htm.

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The Grain Transportation Report is a weekly news source for grain logistics. Detailed data and trend information on five major modes: barge, truck, rail, container, and vessel, provide timely insight into grain transport. The report is offered to policymakers and industry as a tool in day-to-day decision making and longer-term strategic planning for an effective and efficient U.S. grain logistics system.

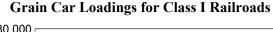
Market Update: U.S. Origins to Export Position Price Spreads (Per Bushel)								
Commodity	OriginDestination	This week	<u>Last week</u>					
Corn	IL Gulf	-0.37	-0.35					
Corn	NE Gulf	-0.32	-0.30					
Soybean	IA Gulf	-0.58	-0.60					
HRW	KS Gulf	3.45	-0.56					
HRS	ND Portland	3.51	-1.07					

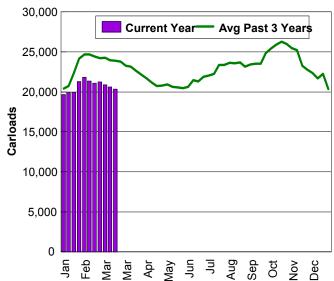
The **Grain Bid Summary** illustrates the market relationships for commodities. Positive and negative adjustments in differential between terminal and futures markets, and the relationship to inland market points, are indicators of changes in fundamental market supply and demand. The map may be used to monitor market and time differentials.



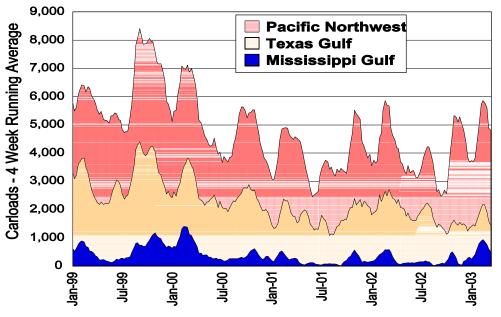
RAIL TRANSPORTATION

Rail Deliverie	s to Port (C	arloads)			
	Mississippi Gulf*	Texas Gulf	Pacific Northwest	Atlantic & East Gulf	Total
Week Ending:					
03/05/03	403	824	2,579	236	4,042
03/12/03	256	650	3,529	682	5,117
YTD 2003	7,085	11,680	35,786	7,190	61,741
YTD 2002	4,760	21,274	26,466	8,195	60,695
% YTD 2002	149%	55%	135%	88%	102%
Total 2002	11,112	83,799	111,719	21,551	228,181
Total 2001	10,022	81,804	111,376	26,604	229,806
Source: Transport	ation & Marke	ting/AM	S/USDA; (*)	Incomplete Da	ta





Rail Deliveries to Port



Railroads originate approximately 40% of U.S. grain shipments. Trends in these loadings are indicative of market conditions and expectations.

Class I Rail Carrier Grain Car Bulletin (Grain Carloads Originated and Grain Service Index)

	East			West			Canada	
	CSXT	NS	BNSF	KCS	UP	U.S. Total	CN	CP
03/15/03	3,188	2,996	7,493	340	6,571	20,588	3,381	3,442
This Week Last Year	3,097	3,221	7,294	455	7,411	21,478	3,498	3,901
2003 YTD	32,429	35,182	85,808	4,208	72,264	229,891	36,334	35,937
2002 YTD	33,817	34,751	91,230	7,400	75,118	242,316	43,397	41,249
% of Last Year	96%	101%	94%	57%	96%	95%	84%	87%
2002 Total	142,760	164,745	400,179	27,161	344,296	1,079,141	191,835	195,765
U.S. Rail Covered Hopper	Cars Online In	dex*						

Feb-03 97.0 100.4 94.1 86.4 92.9 95.0

Source: Association of American Railroads; *Base Year = 2001, Index based on Number of Covered Hopper Cars Online (available for Service).

Rail service may be ordered directly from the railroad via **Auction** for guaranteed service or tariff for non-guaranteed service, or through the secondary market. The **Secondary Rail Market** information reflects trade values for service that was originally purchased from the railroad carrier as some form of guaranteed freight. The auction and secondary rail values are indicators of rail service quality and demand/supply.

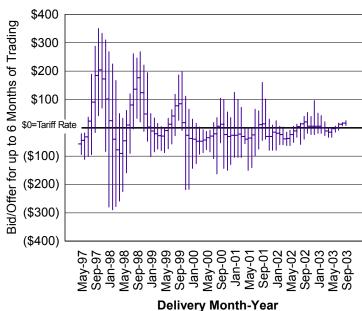
Railroad Car 'Auction' Results Average Premium/Discount to Tariff, \$/Car - Last Auction							
Delivery for:	May-03	Jun-03	Jul-03				
COT/N. Grain	no bid	no bid	no bid				
COT/S. Grain	no bid	no bid	no bid				
GCAS/Region 1	no bid	no bid	no bid				
GCAS/Region 2	no bid	no bid	no bid				

Source: Transportation & Marketing/AMS/USDA.

COT=Certificate of Transportation; GCAS=Grain Car Allocation System

Secondary Rail Car Market Average Premium/Discount to Tariff, \$/Car - Last Week								
	Delivery Period							
	Apr-03	May-03	Jun-03	Jul-03				
BNSF-GF	\$(10)	\$(15)	\$(9)	\$(6)				
UP-Pool	\$(11)	\$(18)	\$3	\$8				

Secondary Rail Market Bid



Tariff Rail Rates for Unit Train Shipments

March 2003

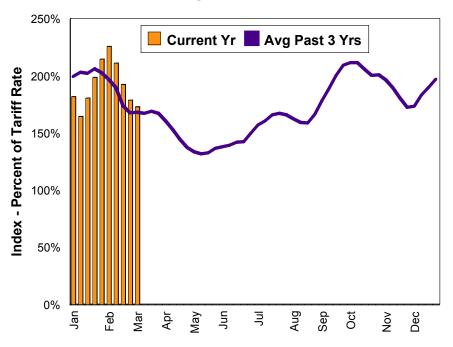
Date Effective	Tariff Item	Commodity	Origin	Destination	Rate Per Car	Rate Per MT	Rate/Per Bushel*
03/03/03	45560	Wheat	Minneapolis, MN	Houston, TX	\$2,050	\$22.60	\$0.62
03/03/03	43521	Wheat	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,877	\$42.74	\$1.16
03/03/03	46540	Wheat	Kansas City, MO	Houston, TX	\$1,650	\$18.19	\$0.50
03/03/03	43586	Wheat	Kansas City, MO	Portland, OR	\$4,420	\$48.72	\$1.33
03/03/03	43581	Wheat	Omaha, NE	Portland, OR	\$4,005	\$44.15	\$1.20
03/03/03	31005	Corn	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,050	\$33.62	\$0.85
03/03/03	31035	Corn	Kansas City, MO	Portland, OR	\$2,700	\$29.76	\$0.76
03/03/03	31005	Corn	Omaha, NE	Portland, OR	\$2,850	\$31.42	\$0.80
03/03/03	61110	Soybean	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,030	\$33.40	\$0.91
03/03/03	61110	Soybean	Omaha, NE	Portland, OR	\$2,780	\$30.64	\$0.83

Source: www.bnsf.com

Approximate load per car = 100 tons: Corn 56 lbs/bu, Wheat & Soybeans 60 lbs/bu

BARGE TRANSPORTATION

Illinois River Barge Rate Index - Rate Quotes



The Illinois River Barge Rate Index averaged 183% of the Benchmark Tariff Rate between 1999 and 2001, based on weekly market quotes. The Index, along with Rate Quotes and Futures Market bids are indicators of grain transport supply and demand.

Calculating Barge Rate Per Ton: Index × 1976 Tariff Benchmark Rate per Ton

Select applicable index from market quotes included in tables on this page. The 1976 benchmark rates per ton are provided in map below.

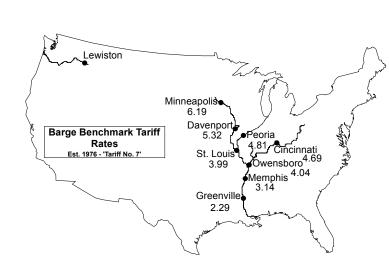
BARGE RATE Q Index=Percent of T				
	3/19/03	3/13/03	April '03	June '03
Twin Cities	nq	nq	206	198
Mid-Mississippi	187	nq	175	167
Illinois River	175	189	163	158
St. Louis	146	139	138	135
Lower Ohio	140	134	134	136
Cairo-Memphis	123	123	122	124
Source: Transportation	on & Marketing	/AMS/USDA	A	

BARGE FUTURES MARKET Southbound Barge Freight Nominal/Cash Basis Values

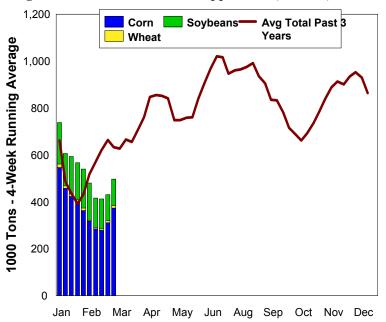
Index=Percent of Tariff, Based on 1976 Tariff Benchmark Rate

		Contract	Rate		
Week ended	River/Region	Period	Futures	Cash	
3/25/03	St. Louis	Apr	n/a	133	
		Jun	n/a	140	
		Aug	n/a	155	
		Oct	n/a	195	
		Nov	n/a	195	
	Illinois River	Apr	n/a	155	
		Jun	n/a	158	
		Aug	n/a	173	
		Oct	n/a	220	
		Nov	n/a	185	

Source: St. Louis Merchants Exchange



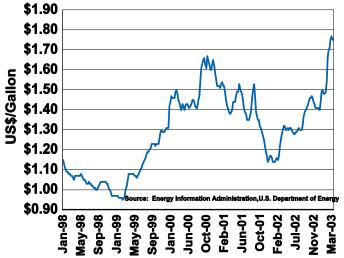
Barge Movements on the Mississippi River (Lock 27)



	Corn	Wht	Sybn	Total
Mississippi River				
Rock Island, IL (L15)	0	0	0	0
Winfield, MO (L25)	0	0	0	0
Alton, IL (L26)	429	10	94	533
Granite City, IL (L27)	414	8	79	501
Illinois River (L8)	396	9	134	539
Ohio River (L52)	33	2	43	85
Arkansas River (L1)	0	20	6	26
2003 YTD	4,747	399	2,468	7,894
2002 YTD	6,197	396	2,486	9,567
% of 2002 YTD	77%	101%	100%	83%
Total 2001	31,878	2,679	10,616	47,091

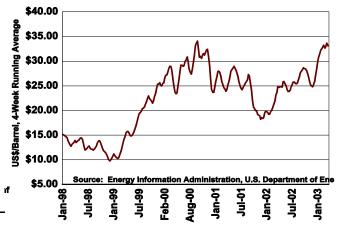
TRUCK TRANSPORTATION

Weekly U.S. Retail Road Diesel Price



The weekly **Diesel Price** provides a proxy for trends in U.S truck rates. Diesel fuel is a significant expense for truck grain movements, accounting for 37% of the estimated variable cost. **Crude Oil Price** is an indicator in future diesel price trends.

Weekly Brent Crude Price, Friday Close



Crude Oil Prices (03/25/03)
US\$ per BarrelThis WeekLast WeekLight Sweet Crude (NYMEX)26.5629.78↓Brent Crude26.7528.44↓

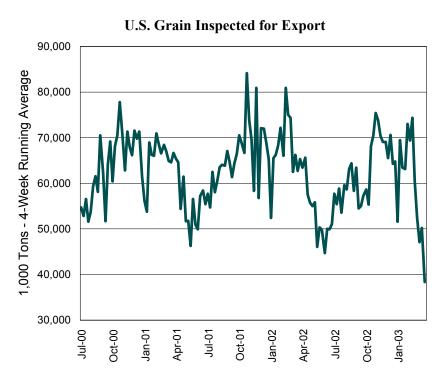
Note: Light Sweet Crude is exchanged on the New York Mercantile Exchange. North Sea oil has a "benchmark" role in crude oil pricing. Brent crude, a blend of North Sea oils, is traded on the International Petroleum Exchange in London.

Source: www.eia.doe.gov; *U.S. Refiner Crude Acquisition Cost, Composite Domestic & Import

GRAIN EXPORTS

		Wheat						Soybean	Total
	HRW	SRW	HRS	SWW	DUR	ΑII			
03/13/2003	1,112	407	1,173	516	144	3,352	6,251	3,448	13,051
This Week Year Ago	1,388	648	807	412	129	3,383	7,283	2,955	13,621
Cumulative Exports-Cr	op Year								
02/03 YTD	5,660	2,353	5,198	2,850	598	16,659	21,231	22,246	60,136
01/02 YTD	6,718	4,398	4,368	2,605	1,001	19,090	23,849	17,713	60,652
01/02 Total	8,761	5,485	5,582	3,175	1,133	24,135	48,003	29,926	102,064
00/01 Total	9,314	4,445	5,775	5,156	1,130	25,819	47,734	27,567	101,120
99/00 Total	10,629	4,195	5,590	4,055	984	25,453	48,760	26,972	101,185

Select U.S. Port Regions - Grain Inspections for Export (1,000 Metric Tons)												
	Pacific Region		Mississippi Gulf		<u>r</u>	Texas Gulf		Port Region Total				
	Wheat	Corn	Soybn	Wheat	Corn	Soybn	Wheat	Corn	Soybn	Pacific	Mississippi	Texas
03/20/03	203	111	247	31	0	0	59	518	34	561	31	611
2003 YTD	1,765	1,269	1,754	1,101	5,842	7,413	932	526	45	4,788	14,357	1,503
2002 YTD	2,199	1,236	904	1,508	8,425	6,924	1,434	53	197	4,339	16,857	1,683
% of 2002 YTD	80%	103%	194%	73%	69%	107%	65%	999%	23%	110%	85%	89%
2002 Total	10,007	5,877	1,639	6,829	34,991	17,996	6,971	468	468	17,523	59,816	7,906
Source: Federal Grain Inspection Service				YTD-Y	ear-to-Da	ate						



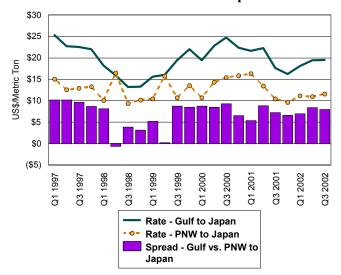
Select Canadian Port Export Inspections 1,000 Metric Tons, Week End Summary							
02/13/2003 Vancouver	Wheat	<u>Durum</u>	Barley 17				
Prince Rupert	54						
Prairie Direct	2		2				
Thunder Bay							
St. Lawrence	2,723	1,495	203				
2001/02 YTD	7,275	1,766	534				
2002/03 YTD	2,779	1,495	222				
% of Last							
Year	262%	118%	241%				
Source: Canadian Grains Commission, Crop Year 8/1-7/31							

Port Region Ocean Grain Vessels								
	Gulf			Pacific Northwest	Vancouver B.C.			
		Loaded	Due Next	t				
	In Port	7-Days	10-Days	In Port	In Port			
03/13/03	31	46	53	11	2			
03/20/03	28	40	58	12	6			
2002								
Range	(1555)	(3366)	(4482)	(315)	(012)			
2002 Avg	35	51	65	8	5			
Source: Transportation & Marketing /AMS/ USDA								

Gulf Port Region Grain Vessel Loading Past 7 Days



Grain Vessel Rates to Japan



	2 200 etr 4 rd Q	1 % etr Change	:	2001 4 rd Qtr	% Chang e
Gulf to			Pacific NW to		
Japan \$24.7	75 \$16.2	25 52%	Japan \$15.39	\$9.64	60%
Mexico \$7.5	0 -	-			
N. Europe \$18.0	07 \$11.	73 54%	Argentina/Brazil to)	
N. Africa \$18.3	33 \$16.9	98 8%	Med. Sea \$22.00	-	-
Med. Sea	\$10.:	58 -	N. Europe \$22.63	\$15.72	44%

Source: Transportation & Marketing/AMS/USDA

Ocean Freight Rates for Selected Shipments - week ending 3/22/03							
Export Region	Import Region	Grain	Month	Volume Loaded (Tons)	Freight Rate (\$Ton)		
U.S. Gulf	Mauritania	Wheat	Apr. 1/15	7,500	\$50.00*		
U.S. Gulf	Ghana	Wheat	Apr. 1/10	5,940	\$49.00*		
U.S. Gulf	Bangladesh	Wheat	Apr. 1/15	17,000	\$108.18*		
U.S. Gulf	Japan	Hvy Grain	Apr. 27	54,000	\$29.75		

Source: Maritime Research Inc.

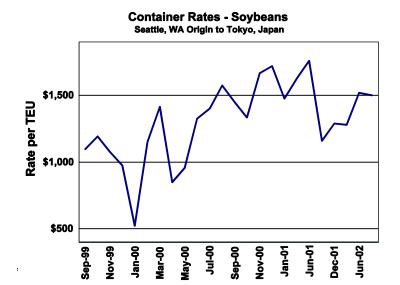
Rates shown are for metric ton (2,204.62 lbs.=one metric ton), F.O.B., except where otherwise indicated; op=option

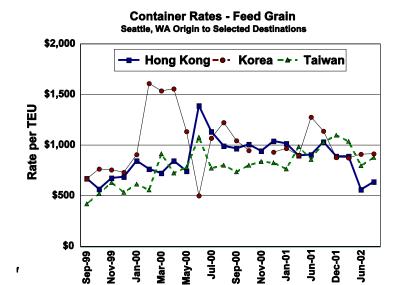
*Most food aid from the United States is required to be shipped on U.S. flag vessels. The vessels are of limited availability resulting in higher rates. In addition, destinations receiving food aid generally lack adequate port unloading facilities, requiring the vessel to remain in port for a longer duration than normal.

CONTAINER

Container Ocean Freight Rates

Average Rate per TEU, Weighed by Shipping Line Market Share Source: Transportation & Marketing/AMS/USDA, Quarterly Updates





Approximately 420,000 MT of grain and oilseed exports were marketed via container in 2001. This volume increased 26% compared to 1997.